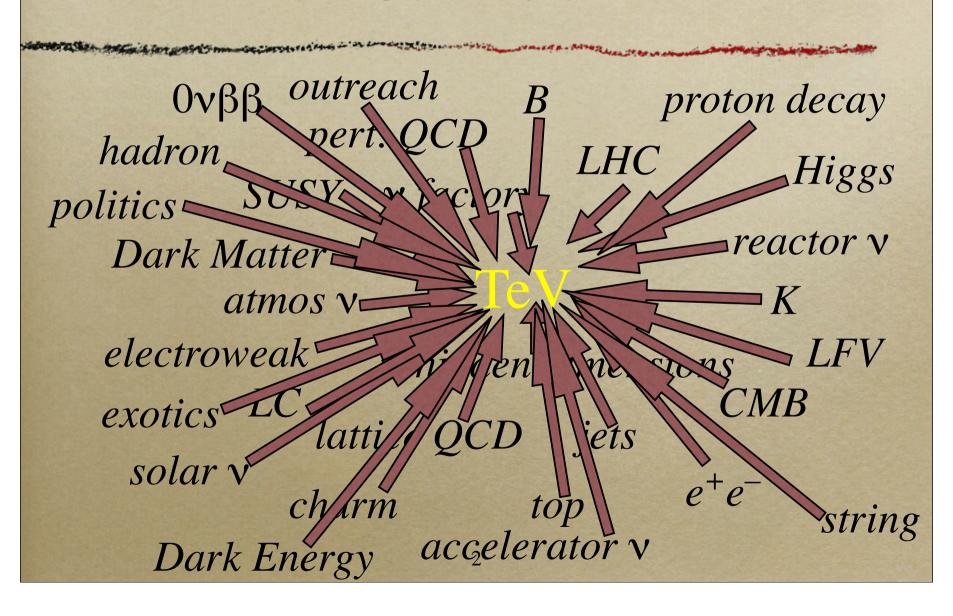
## Prospects

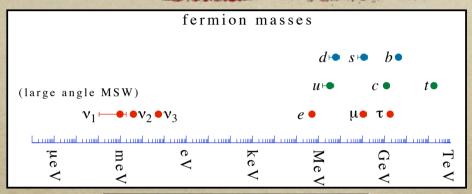
Hitoshi Murayama Topical Conference KEK, Feb 6, 2007

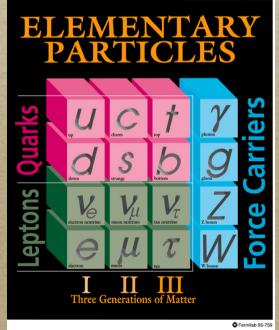
### Our Field



## Big Questions -Horizontal-

- Why are there three generations?
- What physics determines the pattern of masses and mixings?
- Why do neutrinos have mass yet so light?
- What is the origin of CP violation?
- What is the origin of matter anti-matter asymmetry in Universe?



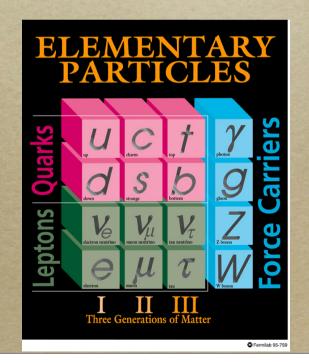


## Big Questions -Vertical-

- Why are there three unrelated gauge forces?
- Why is strong interaction strong?
- o Charge quantization
- o anomaly cancellation
- o quantum numbers
- o Is there a unified description of all forces?
- Why is  $m_W \ll M_{Pl}$ ?

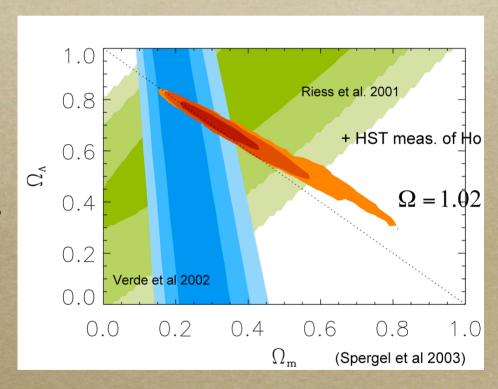
  (Hierarchy Problem)

$$Q(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{2}, +\frac{1}{6}), \quad u(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}, +\frac{2}{3}), \quad d(\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{1}, -\frac{1}{3}),$$
  
 $L(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{2}, -\frac{1}{2}), \quad e(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}, -1)$ 



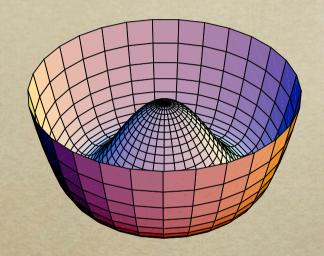
# Big Questions -From the Heaven-

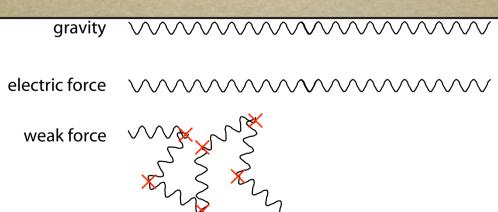
- o What is Dark Matter?
- o What is Dark Energy?
- Why now? (Cosmic coincidence problem)
- o What was Big Bang?
- Why is Universe so big? (flatness problem, horizon problem)
- o How were galaxies and stars created?



# Big Questions -From the Hell-

- o What is the Higg boson?
- Why does it have negative mass-squared?
- Why is there only one scalar particle in the Standard Model?
- o Is it elementary or composite?
- o Is it really condensed in our Universe?





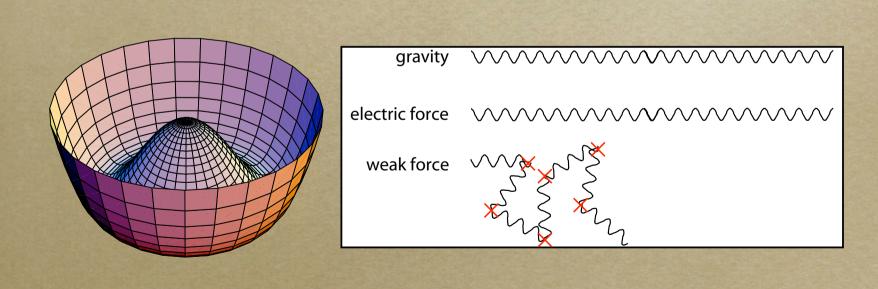
#### Outlook

- We do not have right to expect that any of big questions can be answered
- Nonetheless there is a good potential for us to answer some or many of them
- How exactly do we do it?
- Use supersymmetry as an example, but I expect similar stories with any scenario of TeV-scale physic

#### Outline

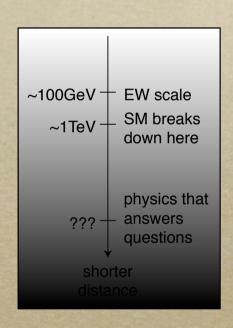
- o Introduction
- o Hell
- o Heaven
- o Vertical
- o Horizontal
  - o Flavor
  - o Leptogenesis
- o Conclusion

## Hell



#### The Main Obstacle

- We look for physics beyond the Standard Model that answers these big questions
- By definition, that is physics at shorter distances
- Then the Standard Model must survive down to whatever shorter distance scale
- Hierarchy problem is the main obstacle to do so
- ⇒ We can't even get started!



## Once upon a time, there was a hierarchy problem...

- o At the end of 19th century: a "crisis" about electron
  - Like charges repel: hard to keep electric charge in a small pack
  - o Electron is point-like
  - At least smaller than 10<sup>-17</sup>cm
- Need a lot of energy to keep it small!

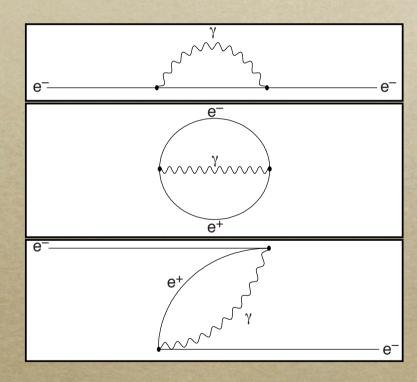
$$\Delta m_e c^2 \sim \frac{\alpha}{r_e} \sim \text{GeV} \frac{10^{-17} \text{cm}}{r_e}$$

- $\circ$  Correction  $\Delta m_e c^2 > m_e c^2$  for  $r_e < 10^{-13}$ cm
- o Breakdown of theory of electromagnetism
  - $\Rightarrow$  Can't discuss physics below  $10^{-13}$ cm

# Anti-Matter Comes to Rescue by Doubling of #Particles

- Electron creates a force to repel itself
- Vacuum bubble of matter anti-matter creation/annihilation
- o Electron annihilates the positron in the bubble
- ⇒ only 10% of mass even

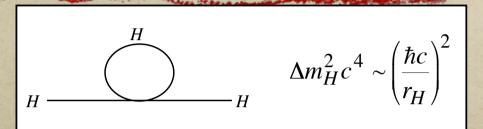
for Planck-size

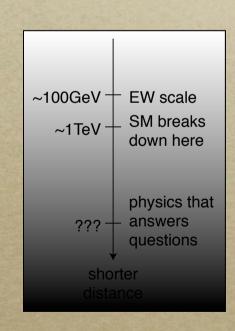


$$\frac{\Delta m_e}{m_e} \sim \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \log(m_e r_e)$$

## Higgs repels itself, too

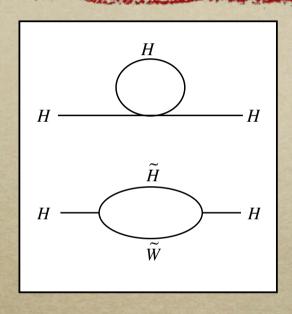
- o Just like electron repelling itself because of its charge, Higgs boson also repels itself
- o Requires a lot of energy to contain itself in its point-like size!
- Breakdown of theory of weak force
- Can't get started!





## History repeats itself?

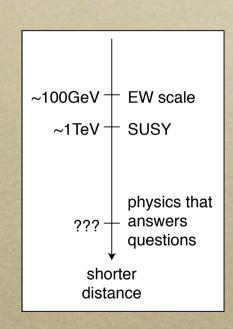
- Oouble #particles again⇒ superpartners
- o "Vacuum bubbles" of superpartners cancel the energy required to contain Higgs boson in itself
- Standard Model made consistent with whatever physics at shorter



$$\Delta m_H^2 \sim \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} m_{SUSY}^2 \log(m_H r_H)$$

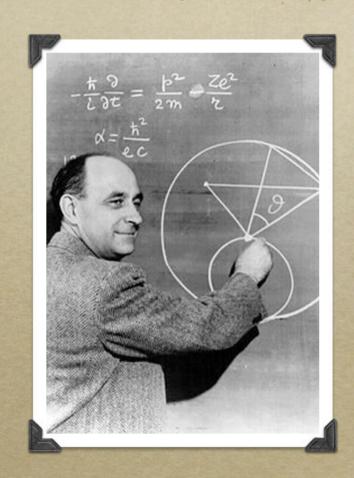
## Opening the door

- o Once the hierarchy problem solved, we can get started to discuss physics at shorter distances.
- It opens the door to the next level: Hope to answer big questions
- o The solution to the hierarchy problem itself, e.g., SUSY, provides additional probe to physics at short distances



#### Fermi's dream era

- o Fermi formulated the first theory of the weak force (1933)
- o The required energy scale to study the problem known since then: ~TeV
- We are finally getting there!



#### Three Directions

- o History repeats itself
  - o Crisis with electron solved by anti-matter
  - Double #particles again ⇒ supersymmetry
- o Learn from Cooper pairs
  - o Cooper pairs composite made of two electrons
  - o Higgs boson may be fermion-pair composite
    - $\Rightarrow$  technicolor
- o Physics as we know it ends at TeV
  - o Ultimate scale of physics: quantum gravity
  - o May have quantum gravity at TeV

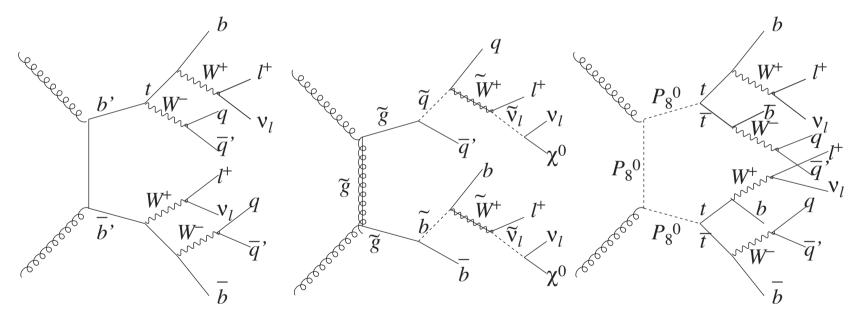
#### More Directions

- Higgs boson as a Pseudo-Nambu-Goldstone boson (Little Higgs)
- Higgs boson as an extra-dimensional gauge boson (Gauge-Higgs Unification)
- No Higgs and W<sup>±</sup> as Kaluza-Klein boson
- o technicolorful supersymmetry



### New physics looks alike

missing  $E_T$ , multiple jets, b-jets, (like-sign) di-leptons



4th generation

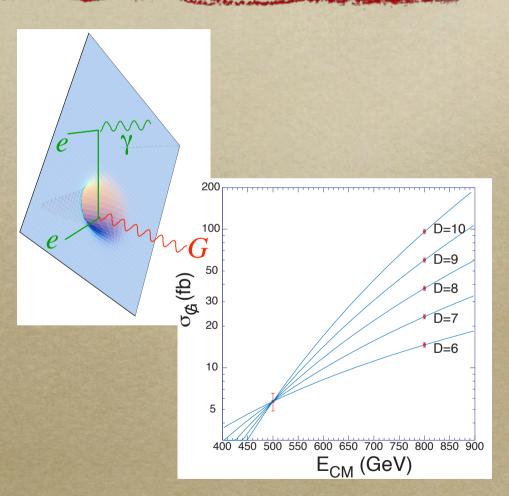
SUSY

technicolor

+Universal extra dimension, little Higgs with T-parity

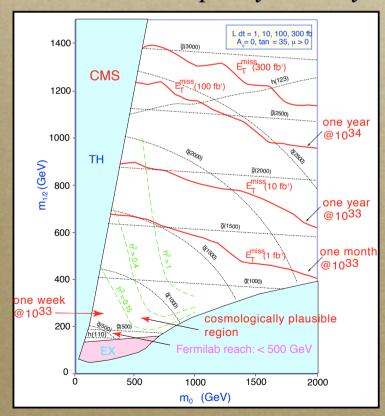
#### Hidden Dimensions

- o Hidden dimensions
- Can emit graviton into the bulk
- Events with apparent energy imbalance
- ⇒ How many extra dimensions are there?

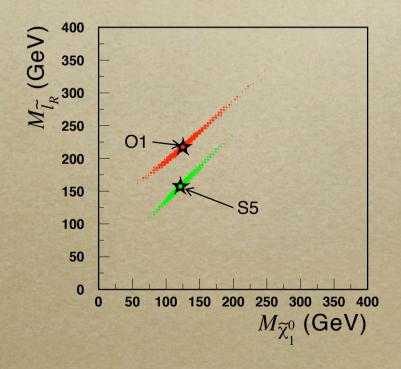


## Supersymmetry

## Tevatron/LHC will discover supersymmetry



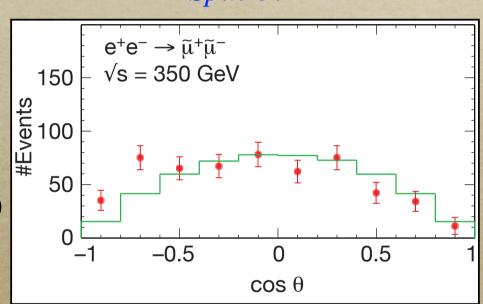
#### Can do many measurements at LHC



# Prove Superpartners have different spin

- Discovery at TevatronRun II and/or LHC
- Test they are really superpartners
  - o Spins differ by 1/2
  - Same SU(3)×SU(2)×U(1) quantumnumbers
  - Supersymmetric couplings

#### Spin 0?



## Growing Uneasiness

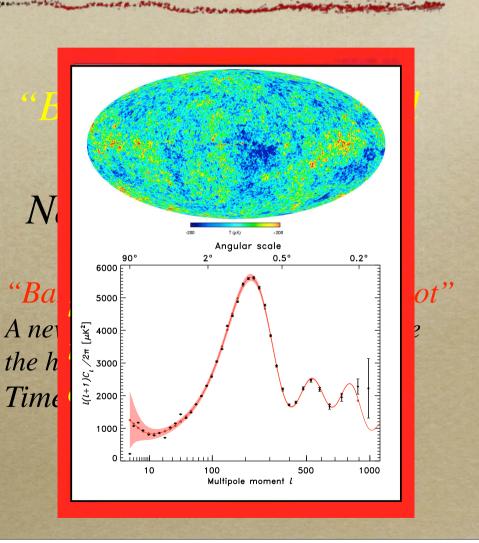
- If there are indeed new physics ≤TeV that makes EW scale "natural"
- o Then why didn't it show any imprints in
  - EW precision observables?
  - $FCNC(K^0-\overline{K^0}, B_d \rightarrow \phi K_S, B_s-\overline{B_s})$ ?
  - CP violation (EDMs)?
- Maybe no new physics ≤TeV?

## Anthropic reason?

- Electroweak scale is what it is because that is the only kind of universe that admits life and hence we can observe
- After all, cosmological constant is "clearly" not natural
- There may be nothing else to be seen at the LHC other than the Higgs boson
- See, however, "A Universe Without Weak Interactions" (Harnik, Kribs, Perez)

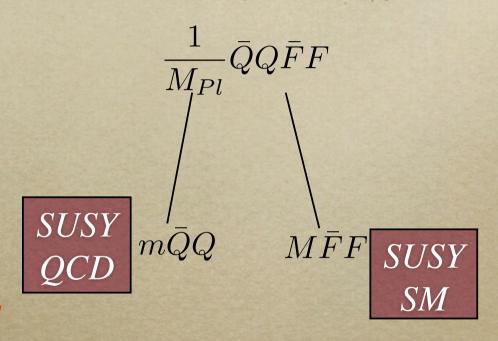
## uneasiness in cosmology

- Before 1992, upper limit on CMB anisotropy kept getting better and better
- Before 1998, the universe appeared younger than oldest stars
- cosmologists got antsy
- "crisis in standard cosmology"
- it turned out a little "finetuned" with a surprise
  - low quadrupole
  - dark energy



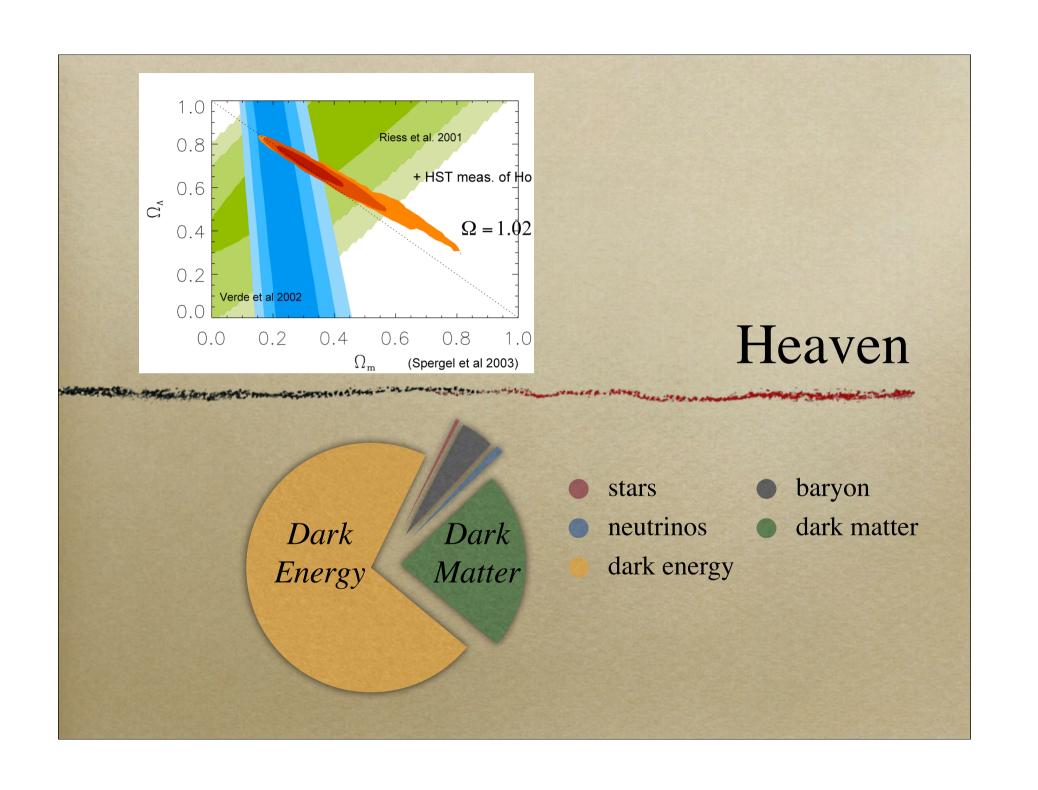
## Very Simple Model

- SUSY SM
- SUSY QCD
- Both with massive vector-like fields
- SUSY breaking with naturally small FCNC via gauge mediation
- No need to get antsy



Anti-Anthropic!

HM, Nomura



## Cosmic Microwave Background

#### ∘ WMAP (∧CDM)

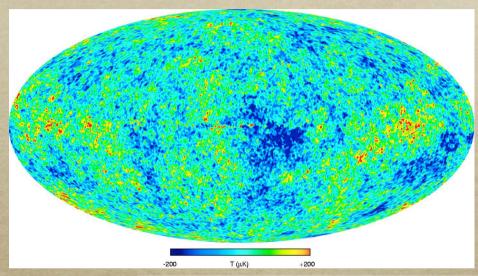
$$h = 0.73 \pm 0.03$$

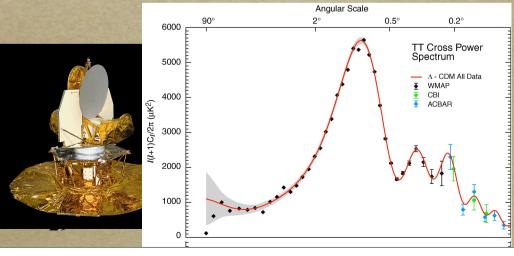
$$\Omega_M h^2 = 0.127^{+0.007}_{-0.013}$$

$$\Omega_b h^2 = 0.0223^{+0.0007}_{-0.0009}$$

Yet another big step in precision cosmology

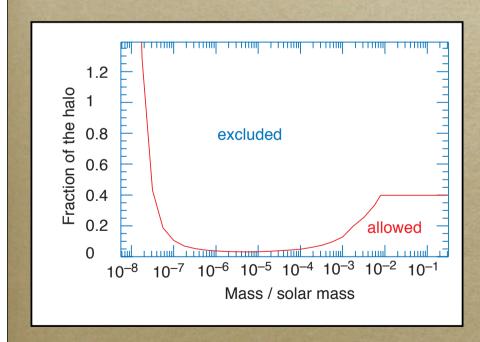
•>8σ signal for nonbaryonic dark matter





#### Particle Dark Matter

It is not dim small stars/planets (e.g., MACHOs)



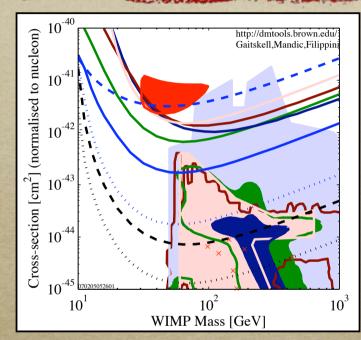
- WIMP (Weakly Interacting Massive Particle) strongly favored
- Stable heavy particle
   produced in early
   Universe, left-over from
   near-complete annihilation

$$\Omega_{M} = \frac{0.756(n+1)x_{f}^{n+1}}{g^{1/2}\sigma_{ann}M_{Pl}^{3}} \frac{3s_{0}}{8\pi H_{0}^{2}} \approx \frac{\alpha^{2}/(TeV)^{2}}{\sigma_{ann}}$$

• TeV=10<sup>12</sup>eV the correct energy scale

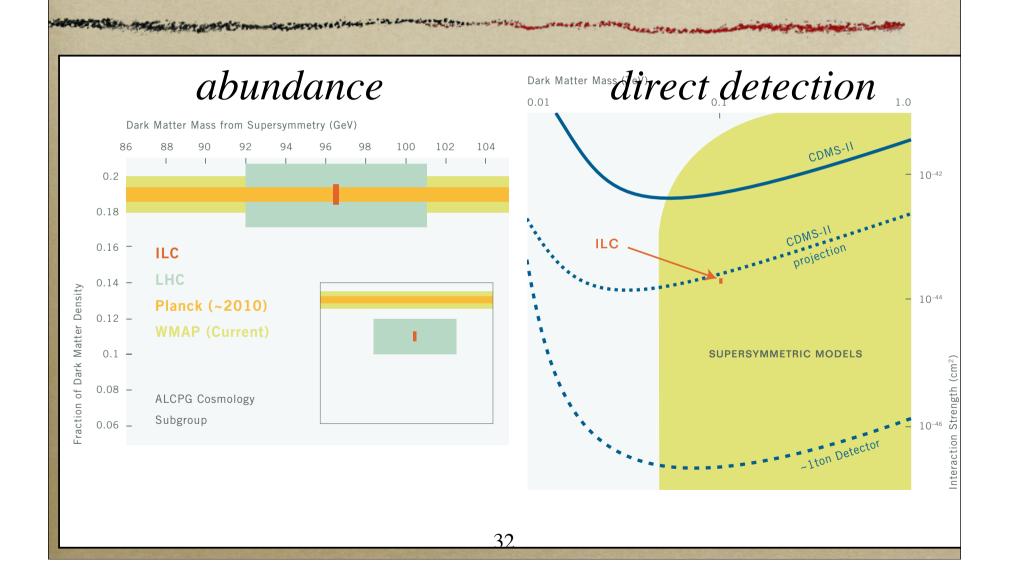
#### Particle Dark Matter

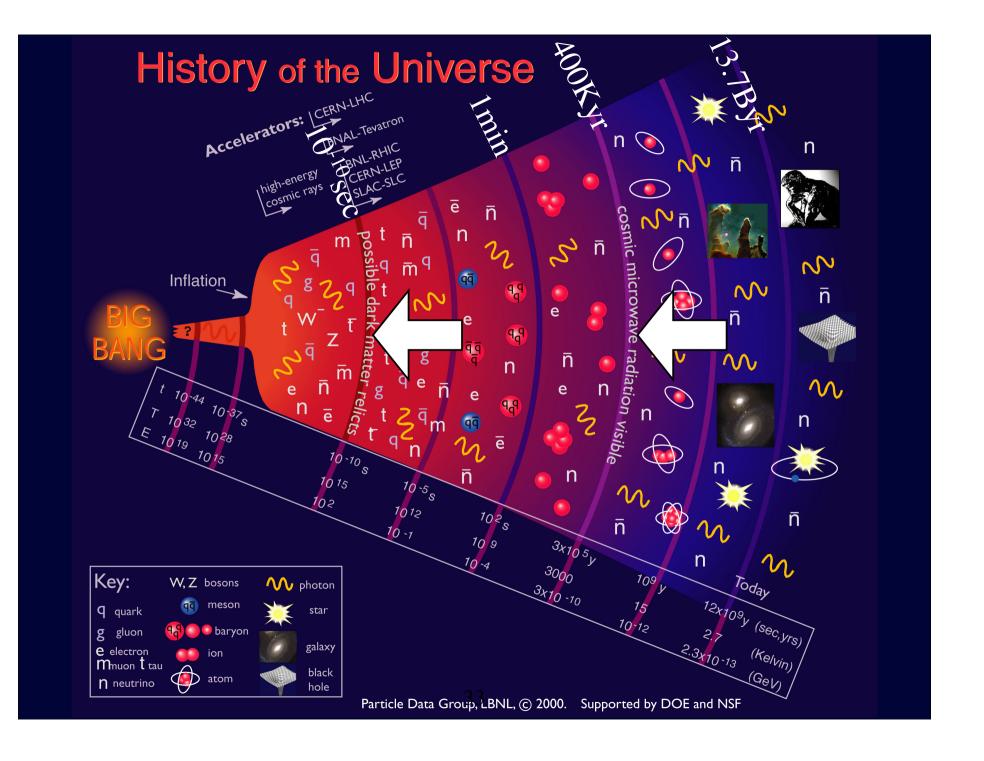
- Stable, TeV-scale
   particle, electrically
   neutral, very weakly
   interacting
- No such candidate in the Standard Model
- Many models of stabilizing Higgs provide candidates
- LSP in SUSY, LKP in UED, LTP in little Higgs, ....



- Detect Dark Matter to see it is there.
- Produce Dark Matter in accelerator experiments to see what it is.

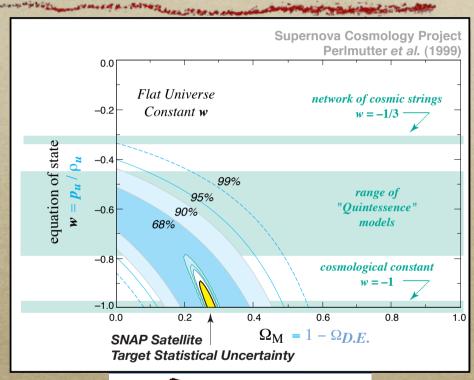
#### Dark Matter Concordance

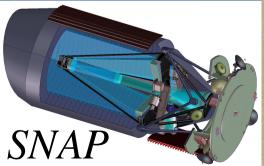




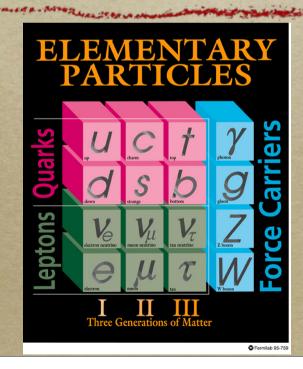
## Dark Energy

- o "Why Now" problem
- Actually a triple coincidence problem including the radiation
- o If there is a deep reason for  $\rho_{\Lambda} \sim ((\text{TeV})^2/M_{Pl})^4$ ,
  - coincidence natural
- o Indeed,  $\rho_{\Lambda}$ ~ $(2\text{meV})^4 vs$  $(\text{TeV})^2/M_{Pl}$ ~0.5meV



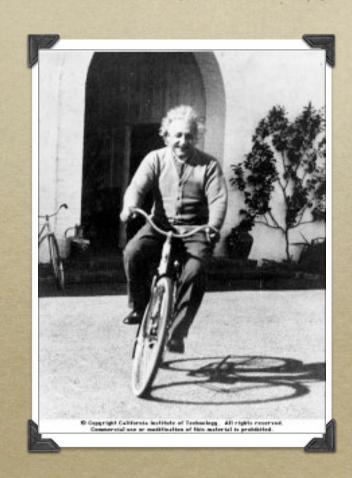


#### Vertical



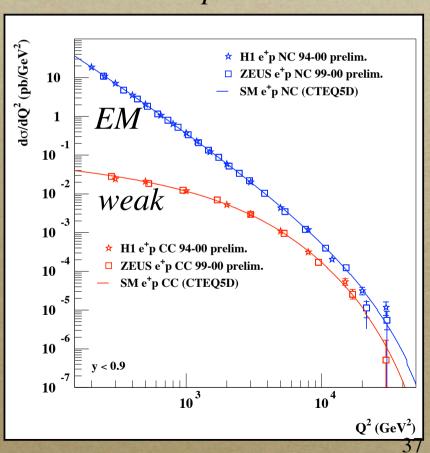
#### Einstein's Dream

- o Is there an underlying simplicity behind vast phenomena in Nature?
- Einstein dreamed to come up with a unified description
- But he failed to unify electromagnetism and gravity (GR)



# We are just about to achieve another layer of unification

#### HERA ep collider



- Unification of electromagnetic and weak forces
- $\Rightarrow$  electroweak theory
- Long-term goal since'60s
- o We are getting there!
- The main missing link: Higgs boson

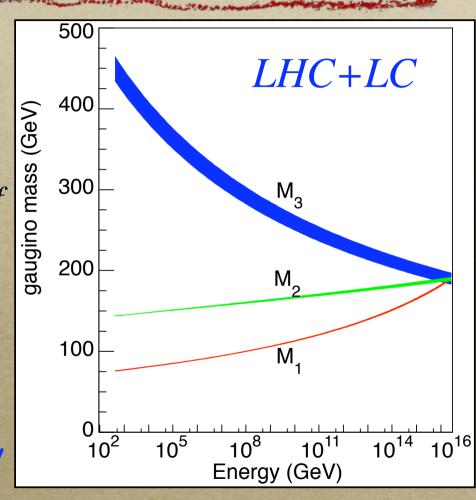
#### Superpartners as probe

 Most exciting thing about superpartners beyond existence:

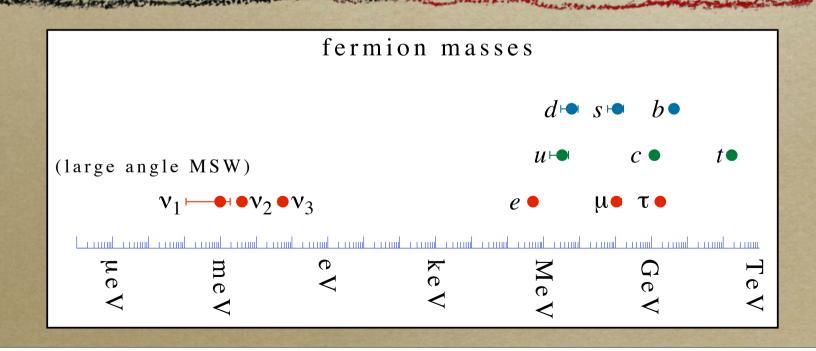
They carry information of small-distance physics to something we can measure

"Are forces unified?"

Need to see proton decay!



#### Horizontal



#### Question of Flavor

- What distinguishes different generations?
  - o Same gauge quantum numbers, yet different
- o Hierarchy with small mixings:
  - ⇒ Need some ordered structure
- o Probably a hidden flavor quantum number
  - *⇒ Need flavor symmetry*
  - o Flavor symmetry must allow top Yukawa
  - o Other Yukawas forbidden

#### Broken Flavor Symmetry

- o Flavor symmetry broken by a VEV  $\langle \epsilon \rangle \sim 0.02$
- o SU(5)-like:

o 
$$10(Q, u_R, e_R) (+2, +1, 0)$$

$$\circ$$
 5\*(*L*, *d*<sub>R</sub>) (+1, +1, +1)

$$\left| M_{u} \sim \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon^{4} & \varepsilon^{3} & \varepsilon^{2} \\ \varepsilon^{3} & \varepsilon^{2} & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon^{2} & \varepsilon & 1 \end{pmatrix}, M_{d} \sim \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon^{3} & \varepsilon^{3} & \varepsilon^{3} \\ \varepsilon^{2} & \varepsilon^{2} & \varepsilon^{2} \\ \varepsilon & \varepsilon & \varepsilon \end{pmatrix}, M_{l} \sim \begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon^{3} & \varepsilon^{2} & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon^{2} & \varepsilon^{2} & \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon^{3} & \varepsilon^{2} & \varepsilon \end{pmatrix} \right|$$

o 
$$m_u: m_c: m_t \sim m_d^2: m_s^2: m_b^2 \sim m_e^2: m_\mu^2: m_\tau^2 \sim \epsilon^4: \epsilon^2: 1$$

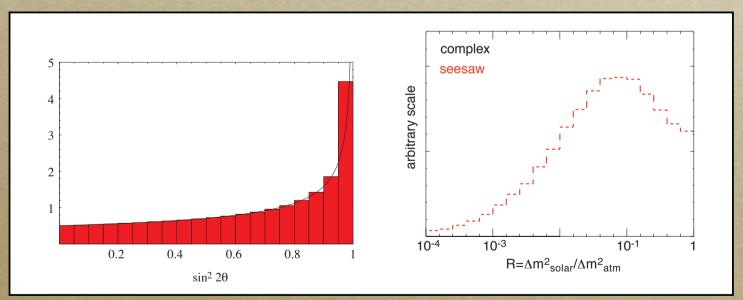
#### New Data from Neutrinos

- Neutrinos are already providing significant new information about flavor symmetries
- o Given LMA, all mixings except U<sub>e3</sub> large

- o Two mass splittings not very different
- o Atmospheric mixing maximal
- Any new symmetry or structure behind it?

# Is There A Structure In Neutrino Masses & Mixings?

 Monte Carlo random complex 3×3 matrices with seesaw mechanism



Apparently no particular structure in neutrino mass matrix needed! Anarchy

#### Different Flavor Symmetries

Altarelli-Feruglio-Masina hep-ph/0210342						
Model	parameters	$d_{23}$	$\Delta m_{12}^2/ \Delta m_{23}^2 $	$U_{e3}$	$\tan^2  heta_{12}$	$\tan^2 \theta_{23}$
A	b = 0	O(1)	O(1)	O(1)	O(1)	O(1)
SA	b = 1	O(1)	$\mathrm{O}(d_{23}^2)$	$O(\lambda)$	$O(\lambda^2/d_{23}^2)$	O(1)
-H <sub>11</sub>	a = 1, b = 2	$O(\lambda^2)$	$\Theta(\lambda^4)$	$O(\lambda^2)$	O(1)	
-H <sub>I</sub>	a = 1, b = 2	0	$\Theta(\lambda^6)$	$\Theta(\lambda^2)$	O(1)	<del>O(1)</del>
IH		$O(\lambda^4)$	$\mathrm{O}(\lambda^2)$	$O(\lambda^2)$	$1+O(\lambda^2)$	O(1)

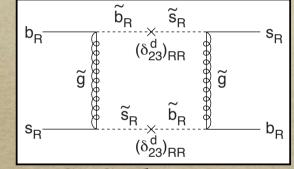
 $\theta_{13} \approx O(1)? O(\lambda)?(\lambda^2)?$  $\sin^2 2\theta_{23} = 1.00 \pm 0.01?_4 \Rightarrow \text{new symmetry}$ 

#### Program: More flavor parameters

- o Squarks, sleptons also come with mass matrices
- o Off-diagonal elements violate flavor: suppressed by

flavor symmetries

$$M_{\tilde{Q}}^2 \sim M_{\tilde{L}}^2 \sim egin{pmatrix} 1 & arepsilon & arepsilon^2 \ arepsilon & 1 & arepsilon \ arepsilon^2 & arepsilon & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$



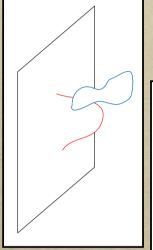
- o Look for flavor violation due to SUSY loops
- Then look for patterns to identify symmetries
   ⇒ Repeat Gell-Mann–Okubo!
- o Need to know SUSY masses or TeV-scale physics

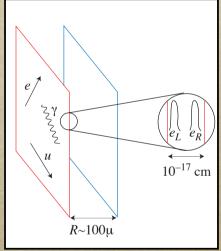
#### To Figure It Out...

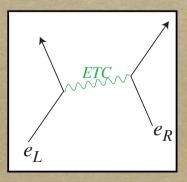
- Models differ in flavor quantum number assignments
- $_{0}$  Need data on  $\theta_{13}$ , matter effect, CP violation, B/K-physics, Lepton Flavor Violation, EWSB, proton decay
- Archaeology
- We will learn insight on origin of flavor by studying as many fossils as possible
  cf. CMBR in cosmology

#### Dynamics behind flavor symmetry?

- Once flavor symmetry structure identified (e.g., Gell-Man–Okubo), what is dynamics? (e.g., QCD)
- o Supersymmetry:
  - Anomalous U(1) gauge symmetry with Green-Schwarz mechanism
- o Large Extra Dimensions:
  - Fat brane with physically separated
     left- and right-handed particles
- Technicolor:
  - New broken gauge symmetries at100TeV scale

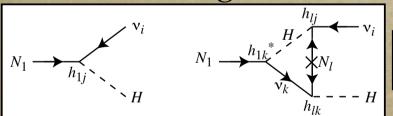






## Leptogenesis

- o You generate Lepton Asymmetry first.
- o L gets converted to B via EW anomaly
  - o generate L from the direct CP violation in right-handed neutrino decay



$$\varepsilon = \frac{\Gamma(N_1 \to v_i H) - \Gamma(N_1 \to \overline{v}_i H)}{\Gamma(N_1 \to v_i H) + \Gamma(N_1 \to \overline{v}_i H)} \sim \frac{1}{8\pi} \frac{\text{Im}(h_{13} h_{13} h_{33}^* h_{33}^*)}{|h_{13}|^2} \frac{M_1}{M_3}$$

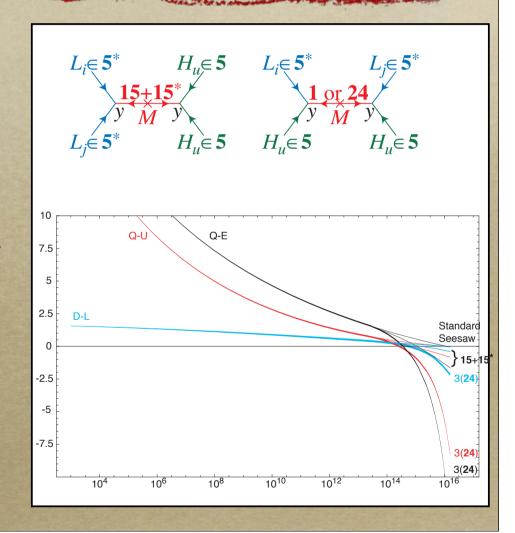
- o Two generations enough for CP violation because of Majorana nature (choose 1 & 3)
- o It is non-trivial that it still works!

## Can we prove it experimentally?

- Unfortunately, no: it is difficult to reconstruct relevant CP-violating phases from neutrino data
- o But: we will probably believe it if
  - $\circ 0v\beta\beta$  found
  - o CP violation found in neutrino  $P(\nu_{\mu} \to \nu_{e}) P(\bar{\nu}_{\mu} \to \bar{\nu}_{e}) = -16s_{12}c_{12}s_{13}c_{13}^{2}s_{23}c_{23}$ oscillation  $\sin \delta \sin \left(\frac{\Delta m_{12}^{2}}{4E}L\right) \sin \left(\frac{\Delta m_{13}^{2}}{4E}L\right) \sin \left(\frac{\Delta m_{23}^{2}}{4E}L\right)$
  - o EW baryogenesis ruled out
  - o Archeological evidences e.g, Ba-o Ks

#### Can prove seesaw

- Majorana neutrino established  $(0v\beta\beta)$
- gaugino/scalar unification seen
- only three possible particle content below M<sub>GUT</sub>
- 3×24, 15+15\*, 3×1
- only 3×1 (seesaw)
   preserve scalar
   unification
   Buckley, HM



#### Bottomline: Synergy

- Big questions = ambitious questions
- Need to clear the cloud of TeV-scale physics to obtain clear views
- Many different approaches will converge to reveal the big picture
- o Hard, ambitious, but conceivable
- Expect similar story with ANY scenario of TeV-scale physics